110th CONGRESS 1st Session S	•
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To prohibit the use of funds for an escalation of United States forces in Iraq above the numbers existing as of January 9, 2007.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. Kennedy introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on

A BILL

To prohibit the use of funds for an escalation of United States forces in Iraq above the numbers existing as of January 9, 2007.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. PROHIBITION ON USE OF FUNDS FOR ESCA-
- 4 LATION OF UNITED STATES FORCES IN IRAQ.
- 5 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-
- 6 ings:
- 7 (1) Congress, the representatives of the Amer-
- 8 ican people, should vote before any additional United
- 9 States military forces are sent to Iraq.

1	(2) The Authorization for Use of Military Force
2	Against Iraq Resolution of 2002 (Public Law 107–
3	243) authorized a war against the regime of Saddam
4	Hussein because he was believed to have weapons of
5	mass destruction and to have an operational rela-
6	tionship with Al Qaeda and because he was in defi-
7	ance of United Nations Security Council Resolu-
8	tions.
9	(3) The mission of the Armed Forces of the
10	United States today in Iraq no longer bears any re-
11	semblance to the mission of the Armed Forces au-
12	thorized by Congress in the Authorization for Use of
13	Military Force Against Iraq Resolution of 2002.
14	(4) Iraq has descended into civil war, and sec-
15	tarian violence continues to escalate.
16	(5) On March 5, 2006, General Nash said
17	"[w]e're in a civil war now; it's just that not
18	everybody's joined in''.
19	(6) On December 3, 2006, United Nations Sec-
20	retary General Kofi Annan said "[w]hen we had the
21	strife in Lebanon and other places, we called that a
22	civil war—this is much worse".
23	(7) On December 17, 2006, former Secretary of
24	State Colin Powell said "I am not persuaded that
25	another surge of troops into Baghdad for the pur-

- poses of suppressing this communitarian violence,this civil war, will work".
 - (8) A political solution is required in Iraq, not a military solution.
 - (9) The open-ended commitment of the Armed Forces continues to enable the Iraqis to avoid taking responsibility for their own future. Tens of thousands of additional United States troops will only serve to make the Iraqis more dependent on the United States, not less.
 - (10) On November 15, 2006, General Abizaid was unequivocal that increasing our troop commitment is not the answer in Iraq, saying "I've met with every divisional commander. General Casey, the corps commander, General Dempsey—we all talked together. And I said, 'In your professional opinion, if we were to bring in more American troops now, does it add considerably to our ability to achieve success in Iraq?' And they all said no".
 - (11) On December 29, 2006, General Casey said "[t]he longer we in the United States forces continue to bear the main burden of Iraq's security, it lengthens the time that the government of Iraq has to make the hard decisions about reconciliation and dealing with the militias... They can continue to

- blame us for all of Iraq's problems, which are atbase their problems".
- 3 (12) More than 3,000 United States troops 4 have died in Iraq, and more than 22,000 have been 5 wounded.
- 6 (13) President George W. Bush should not be 7 permitted to increase the number of United States 8 troops in harm's way in the civil war in Iraq without 9 a new authorization from Congress that reflects the 10 reality of the changed circumstances on the ground 11 in Iraq.
- 12 (b) Prohibition.—Notwithstanding any other provi13 sion of law, no Federal funds may be obligated or ex14 pended by the United States Government to increase the
 15 number of United States forces in Iraq above the number
 16 for such forces which existed as of January 9, 2007, with17 out a specific authorization of Congress by law for such
 18 an increase.